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Safety Driven Design with UML and STPA

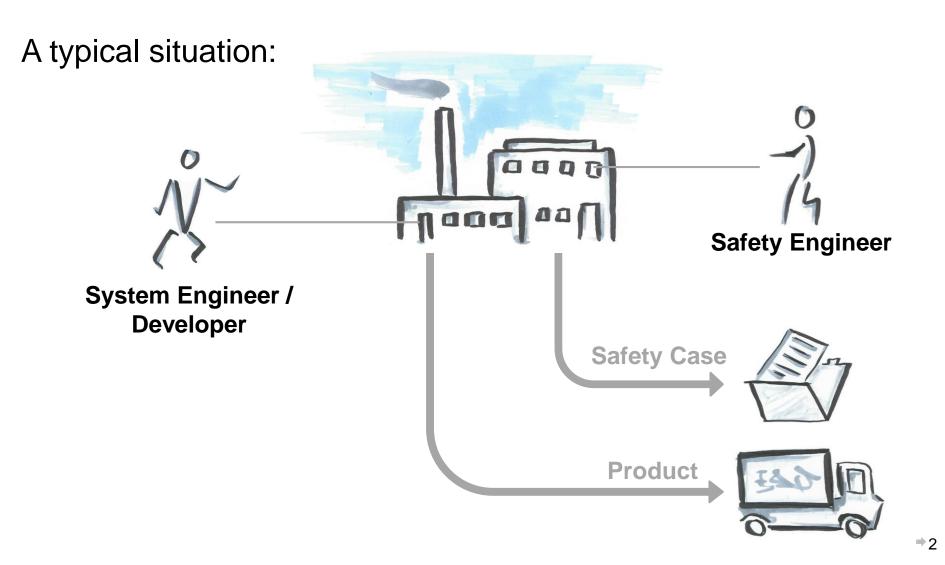
Martin Rejzek, Sven Krauss, Christian Hilbes

Zurich University of Applied Sciences, Switzerland

System and Safety Engineering

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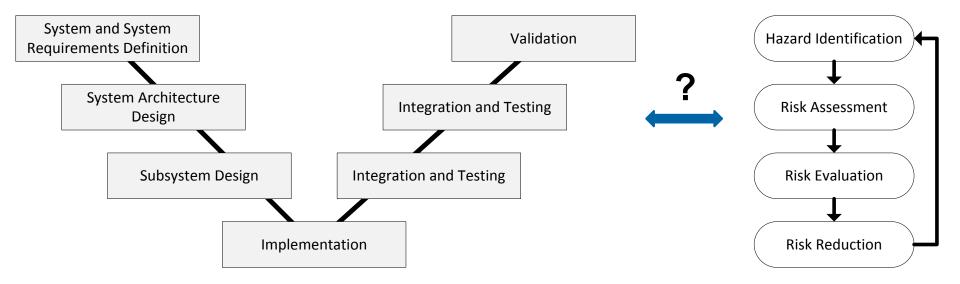


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The challenges with this situation:

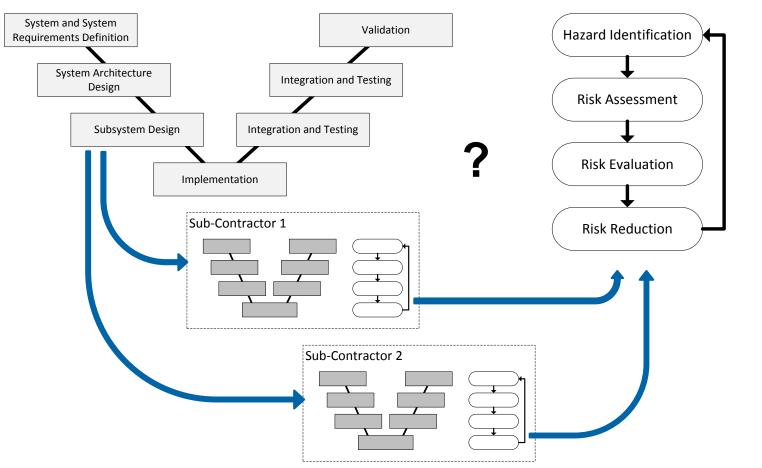
- Product development and safety management separated
- Different teams, methods, terminology
- Different processes and mindset



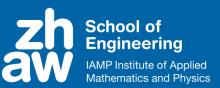
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The challenge is even more severe for complex systems involving sub-contractors:



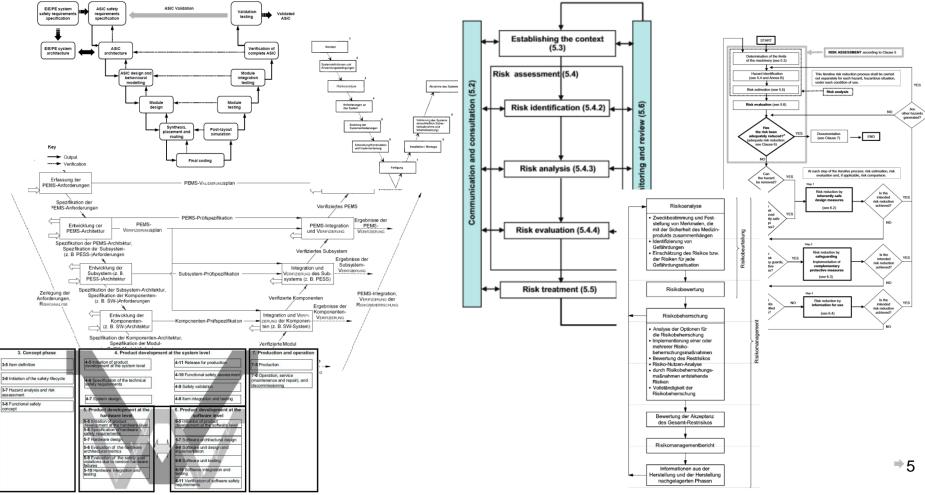
Processes



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V-Model Zoo:

Risk Management Processes:



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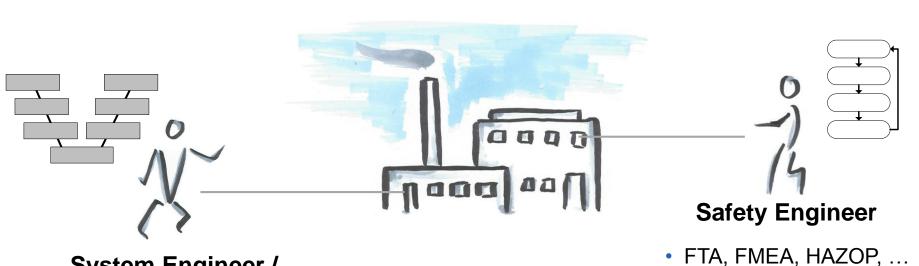
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Dedicated Tools

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System Engineer / Developer

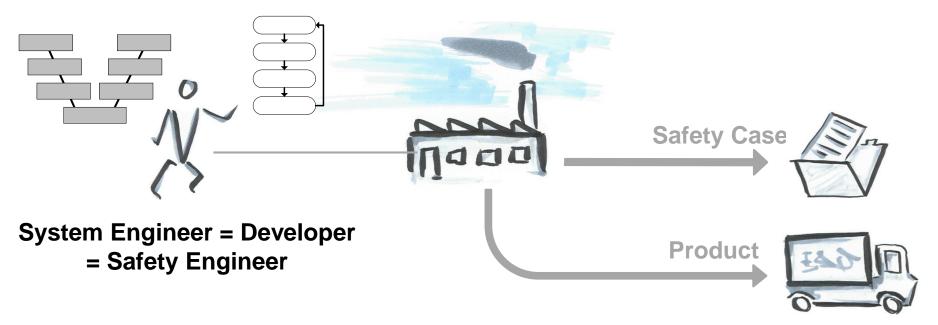
- Model based development with UML
- UML Case Tools
- Automated Code Generation

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A typical situation in smaller companies:



Developer wants to do a good job but has no chance to cope with "everything" ...

Solution: Empower developer to incorporate the safety aspects right into system development

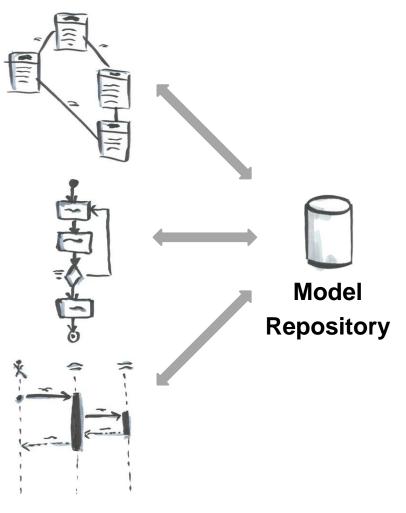
State of the Art in Systems Engineering: Model Based Development with UML

Structural:

- Class Diagram
- Object Diagram
- Package Diagram
- Component Diagram
- Composite Structure Diagram
- Deployment Diagram

Behavioral:

- UseCase Diagram
- Sequence Diagram
- Activity Diagram
- StateMachine Diagram
- Interaction (Overview) Diagram
- Communication Diagram
- Timing Diagram

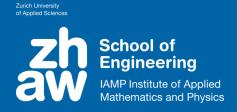






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Example



Fictitious example (examples from our industry partners are confidential):

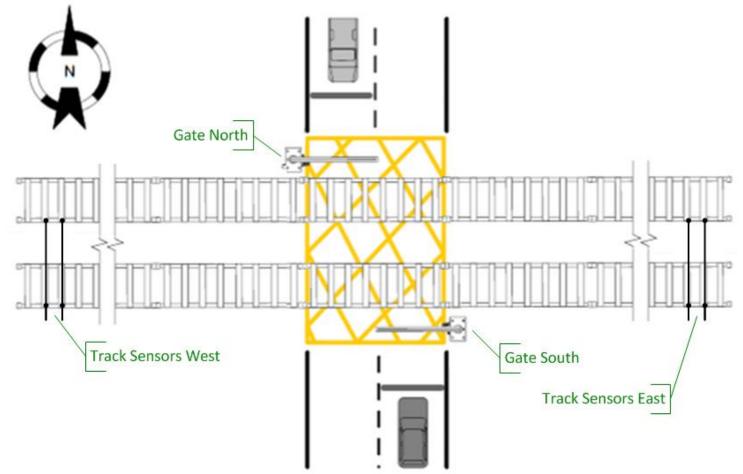


Illustration adapted from Y.S. Weng, et al., Design of Traffic Safety Control Systems for Railroads and Roadways Using Timed Petri Nets

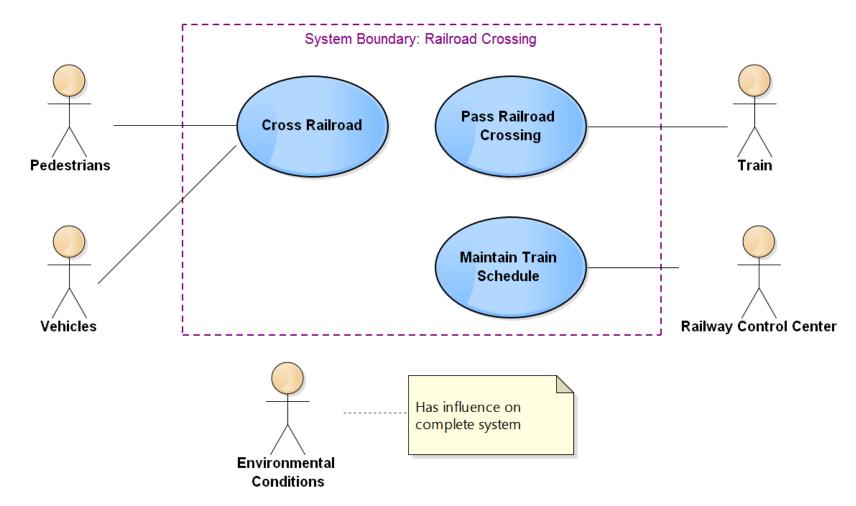
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System Concept Development: System Definition



Model system requirements as UML UseCase diagram

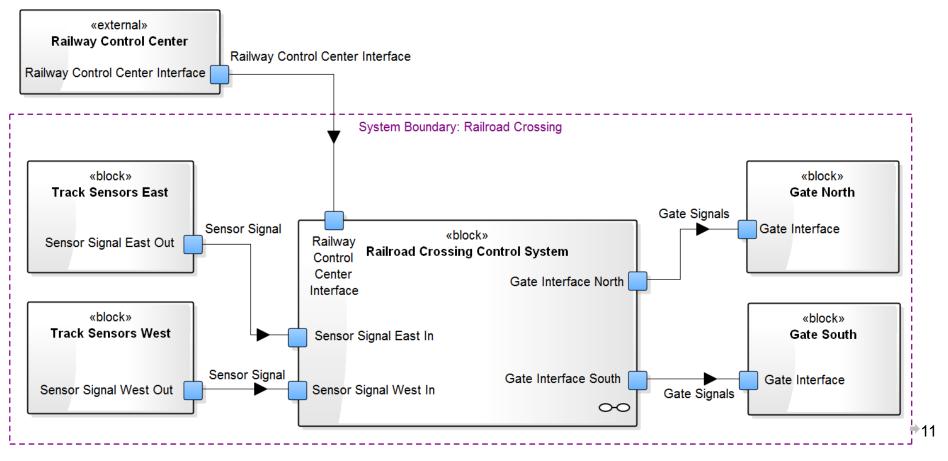


System Concept Development: System Architecture



Initial architecture concept as SysML Block diagram

Suitable for a systematic safety analysis? ... No

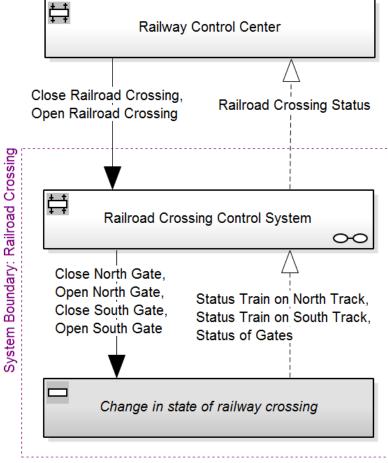


STPA Hierarchical Control Structure for System Concept Development

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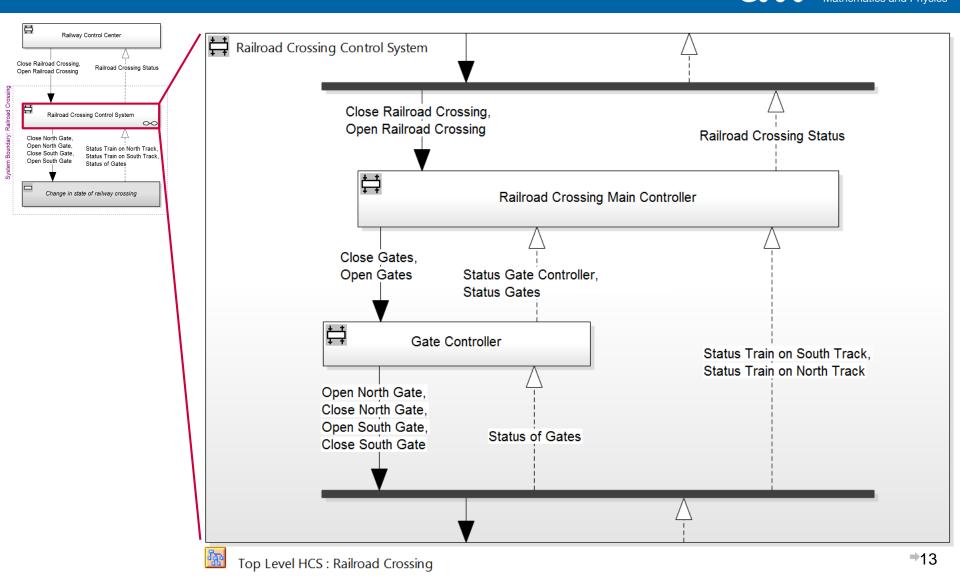
We propose to use a Hierarchical Control Structure for system concept development instead



STPA Hierarchical Control Structure: Support for Multiple Levels of Detail

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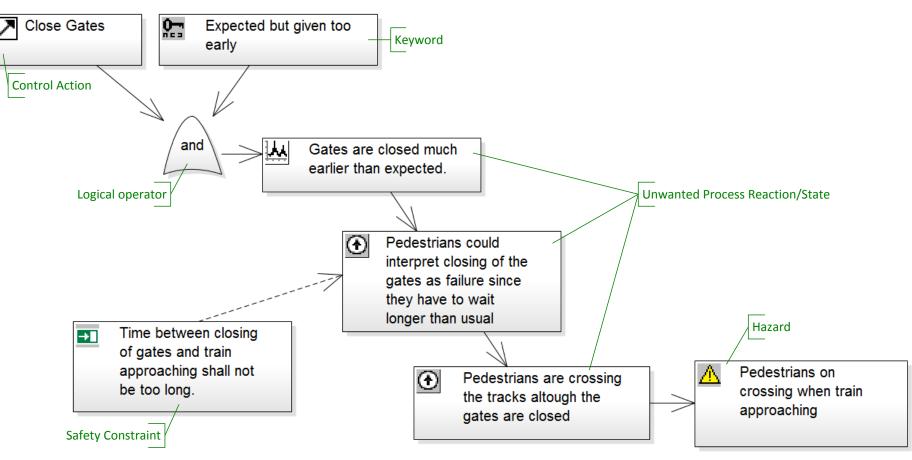
Block Diagram vs. Hierarchical Control Structure (HCS)



- Block diagram
 - Focus on components emphasizes component failures
 - Was not designed as a basis for systematic safety analysis
- Hierarchical Control Structure:
 - Is designed as basis for safety analysis with STPA Step 1
 - Step 1 questions correspond to questions developer would naturally ask
- Critical challenge: do not force developer to change scope/mindset. Therefore...
 - Capture HCS, perform Step 1 in the same UML case tool
 - Invent new UML diagram types for HCS, Step 1

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Proposal for STPA Step 1 diagram:



STPA Step 1



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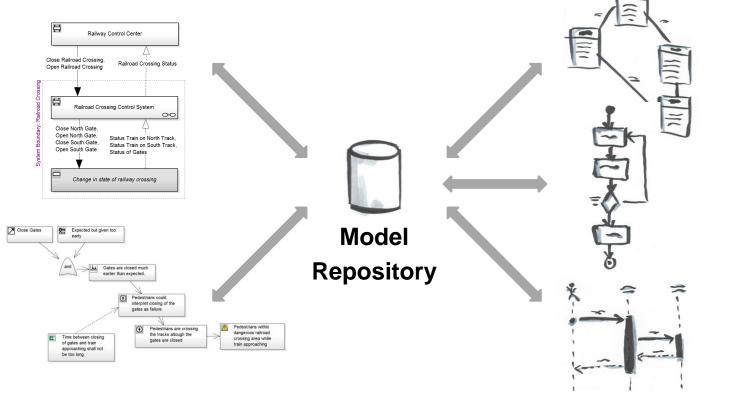
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System Development and Traceability

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- New diagram types to model functional architecture and safety analysis
- Standard UML diagrams to progress system development and model detailed implementation



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System Level Definitions

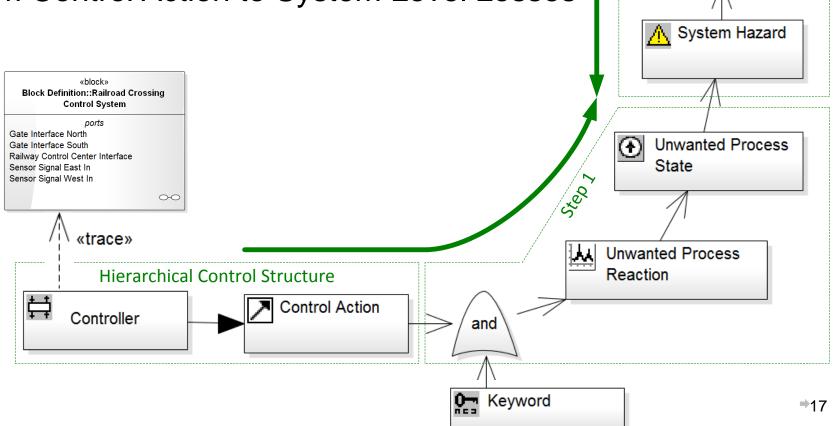
System Loss

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Traceability between elements:

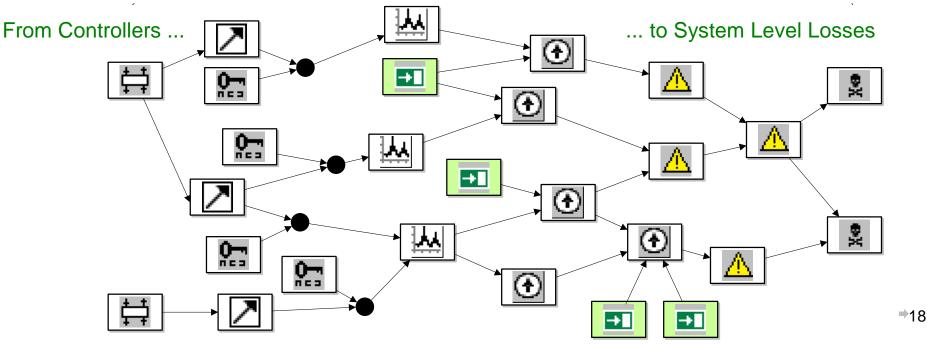
- From design model to STPA
- From Control Action to System Level Losses





Visualizing elements and relationships as graph allows:

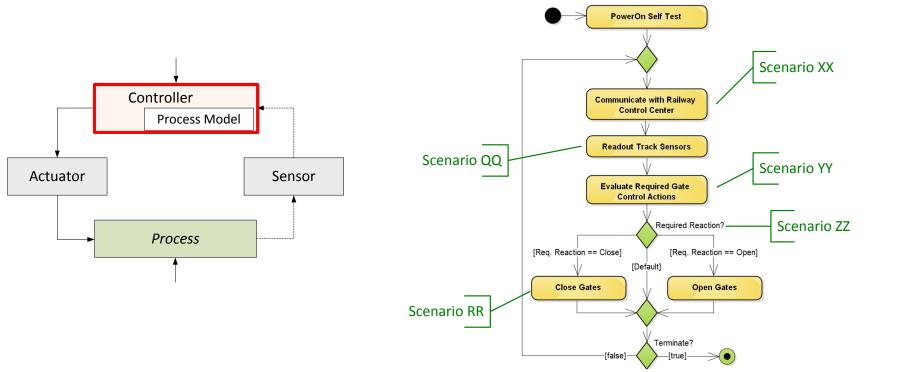
- Seeing the "big picture"
- Analyzing the relevance of controllers
- Doing a safety constraint impact analysis





Methods to identify accident scenarios:

- For simple actuators, sensors, data transmission: FTA, FMEA,
- For complex actuators, sensors: dedicated subsystem STPA
- For controller algorithm: Annotation of Behavioral diagrams



STPA Step 2 – Structured Organization

Organization of accident scenarios with generic fault tree:

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Top Event: Unwanted Process State

Unidentified or out of

range disturbance

nadequate process inpu

Problem with r

Problem with p

itself

nwanted Process Sta system Hazard / Hazi

Wrong input to proces

Conflicting control act

8

on process

Vrong output fro

actuator

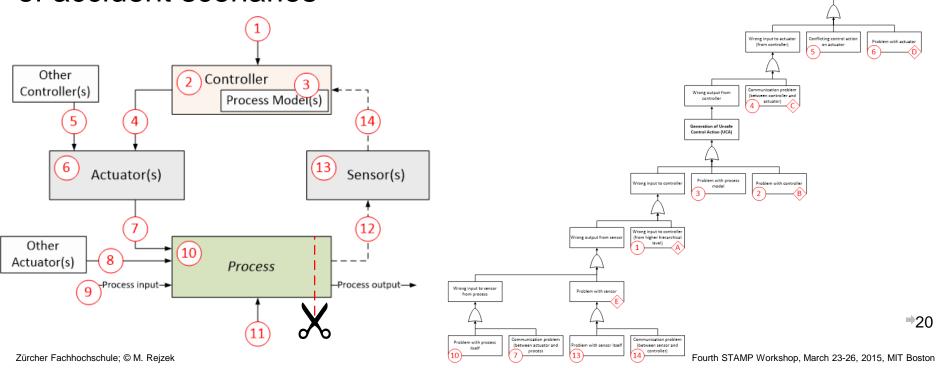
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> Communication proble (between process and

sensor

- Structured documentation
- Interface to other tools
- In principal: allows quantification of accident scenarios





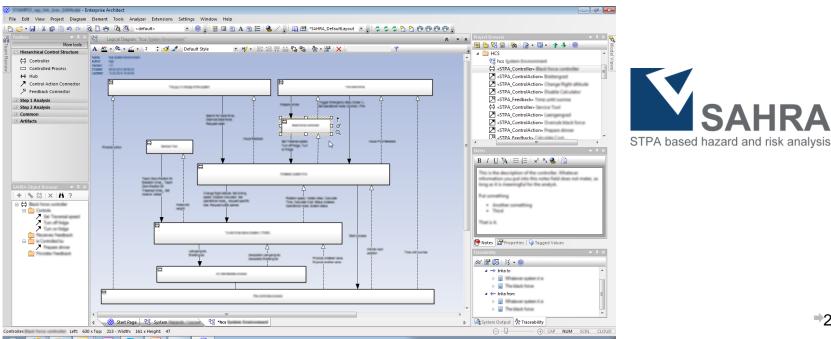
We developed a practical approach to safety driven design: the integration of system and safety engineering

- Extended UML with profile for STPA diagrams
 - Hierarchical Control Structure
 - STPA Step 1 diagrams
- Augment behavioral and structural diagrams with annotations to capture accident scenarios
 - STPA Step 2
- Realize and maintain traceability between system design, system implementation and hazards, accidents
- Organize accident scenarios with generic fault tree

⇒22

Conclusion and Outlook (2/2)

- Project in collaboration with Curtiss Wright Drive Technology, Schaffhausen, Switzerland and funded by Swiss Commission of Technology and Information
- Tool Development:
 - Plan to present the tool at the European STAMP Workshop 2015







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Contact:



martin.rejzek@zhaw.ch

Sven Stefan Krauss svenstefan.krauss@zhaw.ch



aw

Christian Hilbes christian.hilbes@zhaw.ch

http://www.iamp.zhaw.ch/sks http://www.sahra.ch