



Analyzing German Vehicle Traffic Using STAMP/STPA

Hosse, René S.; Schnieder, Eckehard

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Challenges for Traffic Safety

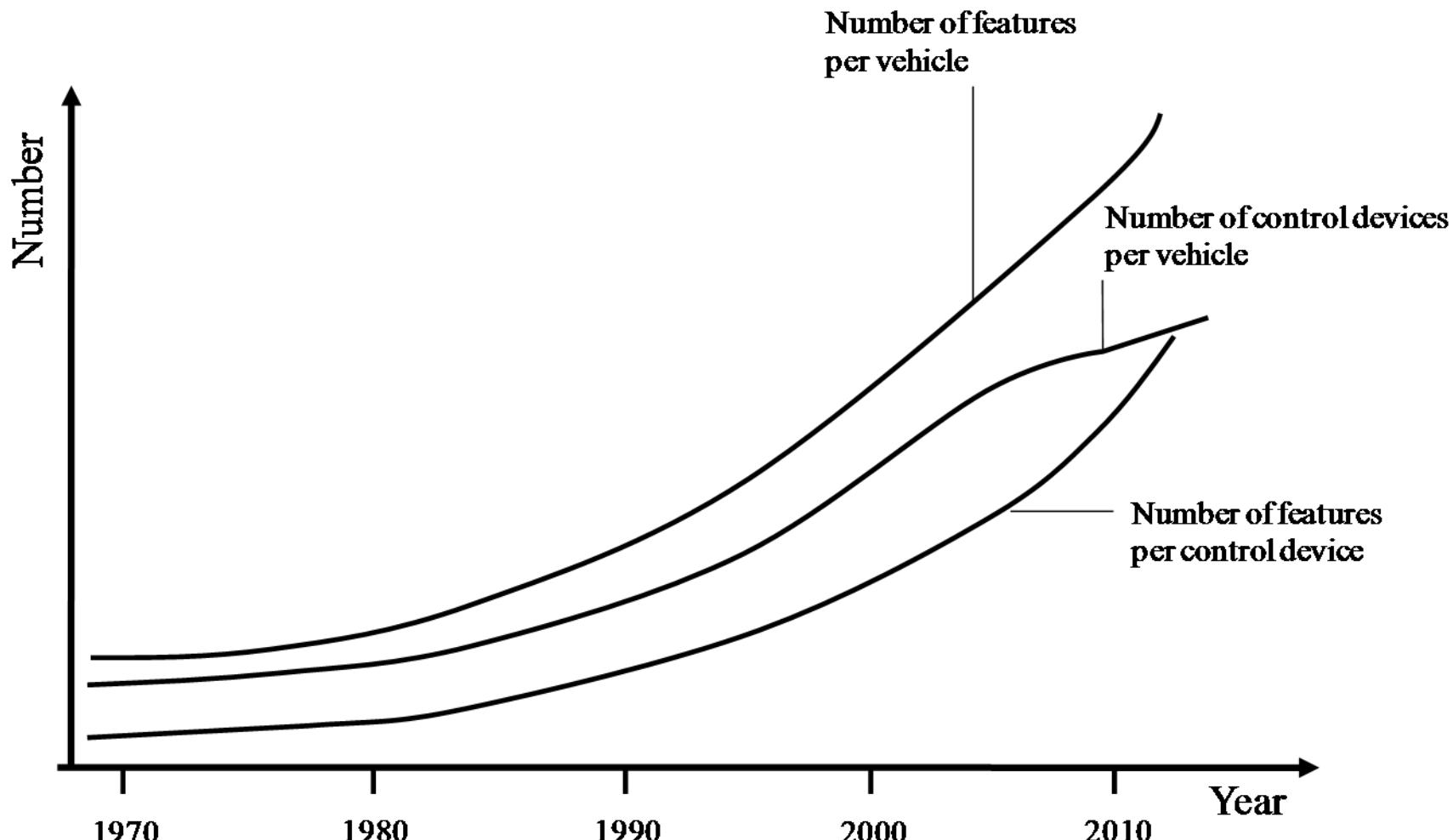
Defining Traffic Safety

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Challenges for Traffic Safety

Development of Functions and Control Devices in Automobiles



Challenges for Traffic Safety

Development of Road Fatalities within Germany

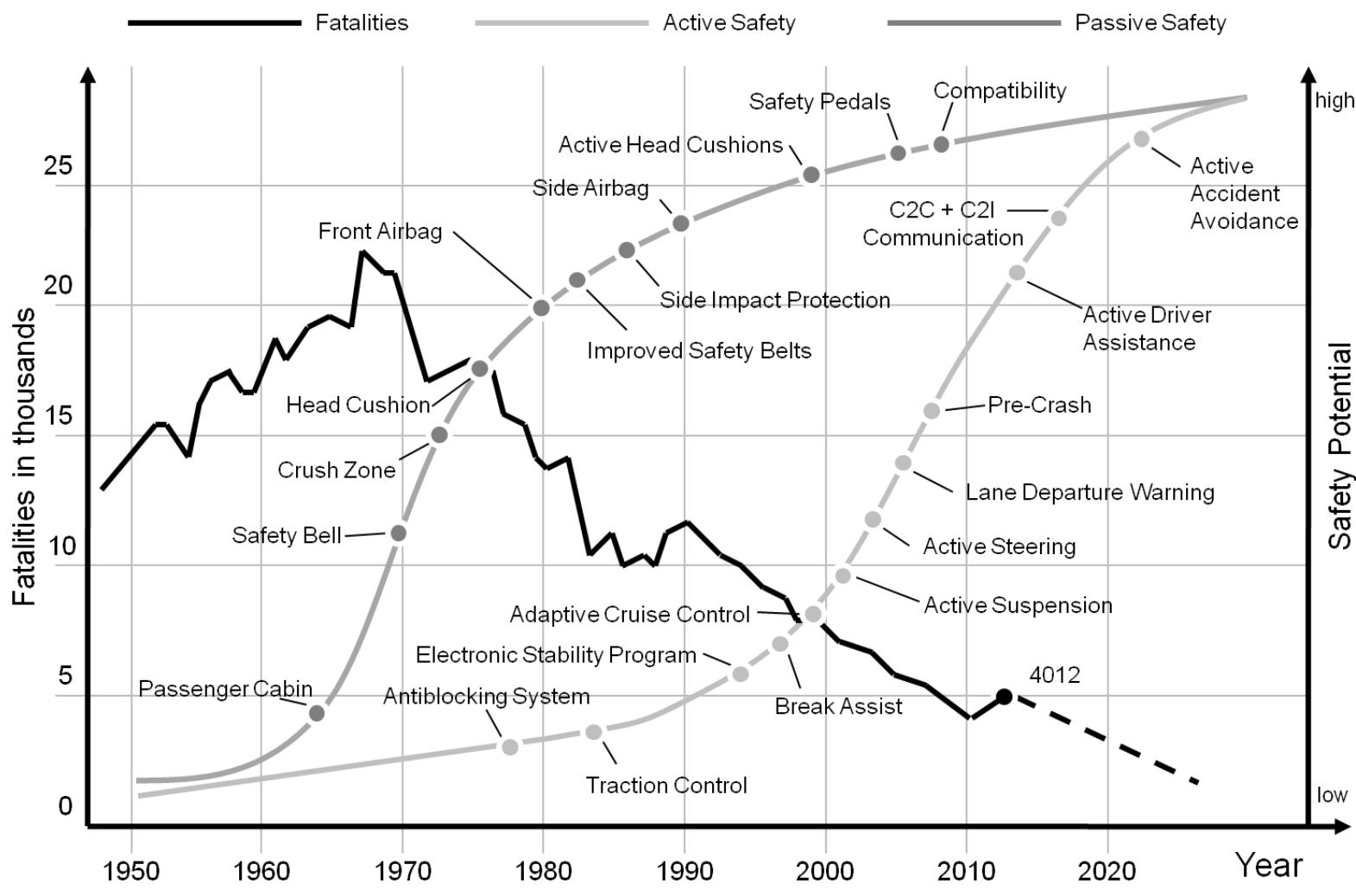


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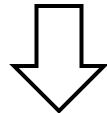
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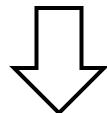
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ProFunD-Approach

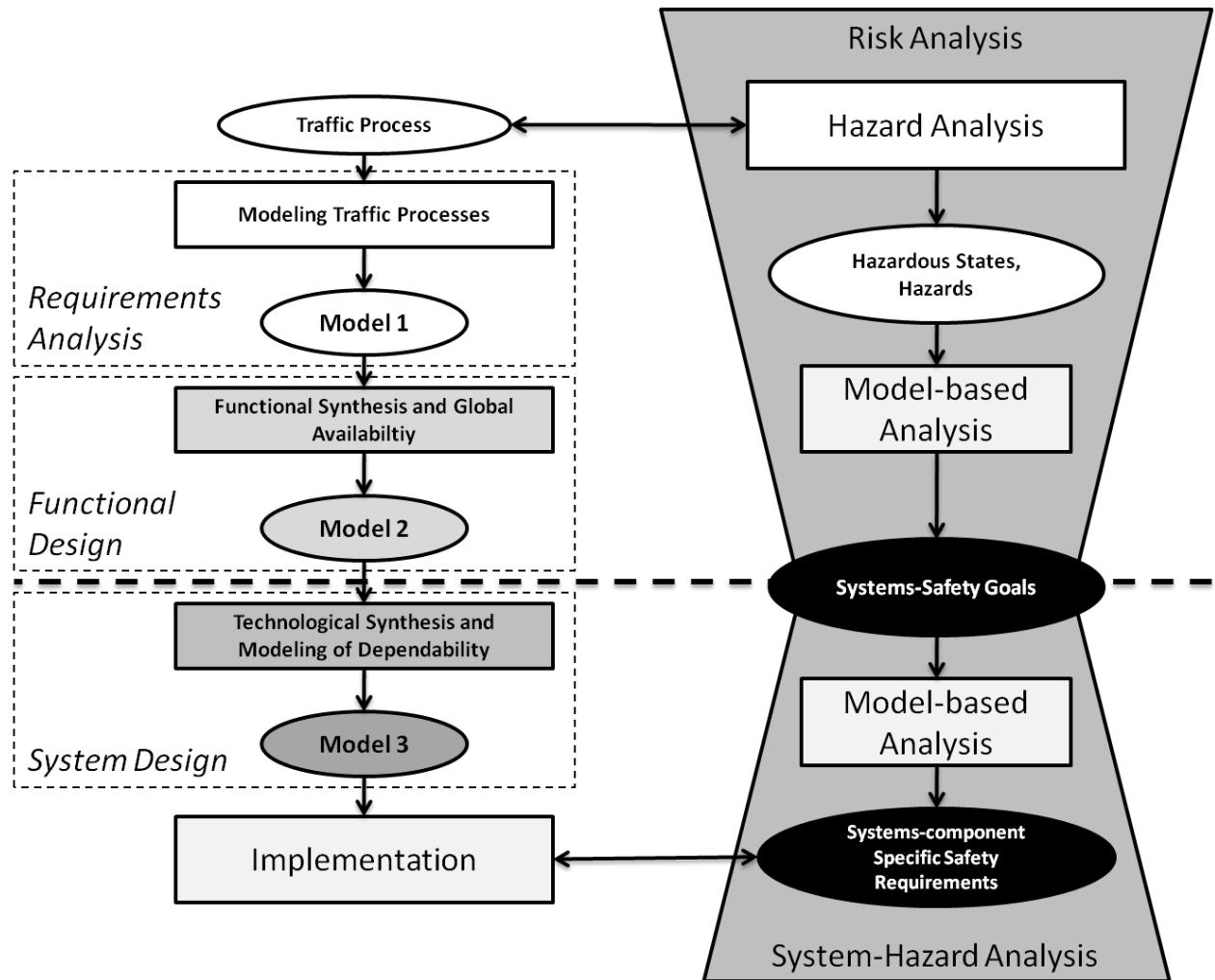
1. Process



2. Functions



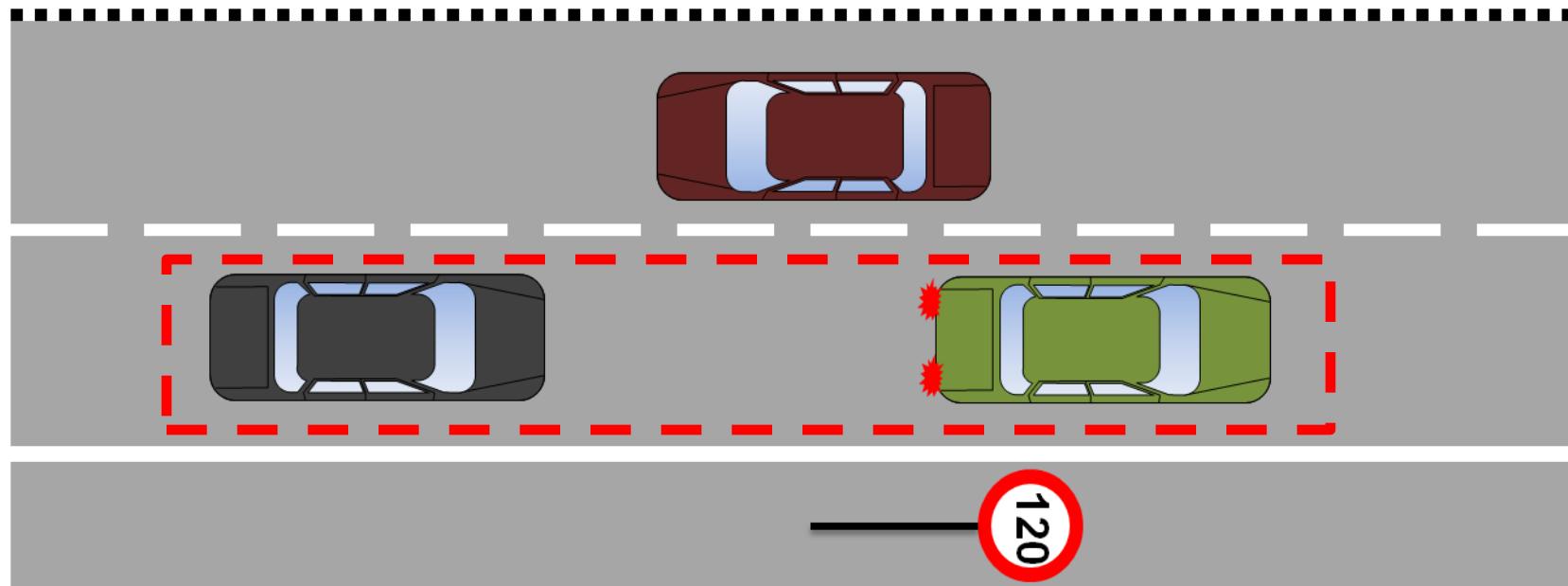
3. Dependability



[Slovák 2006]

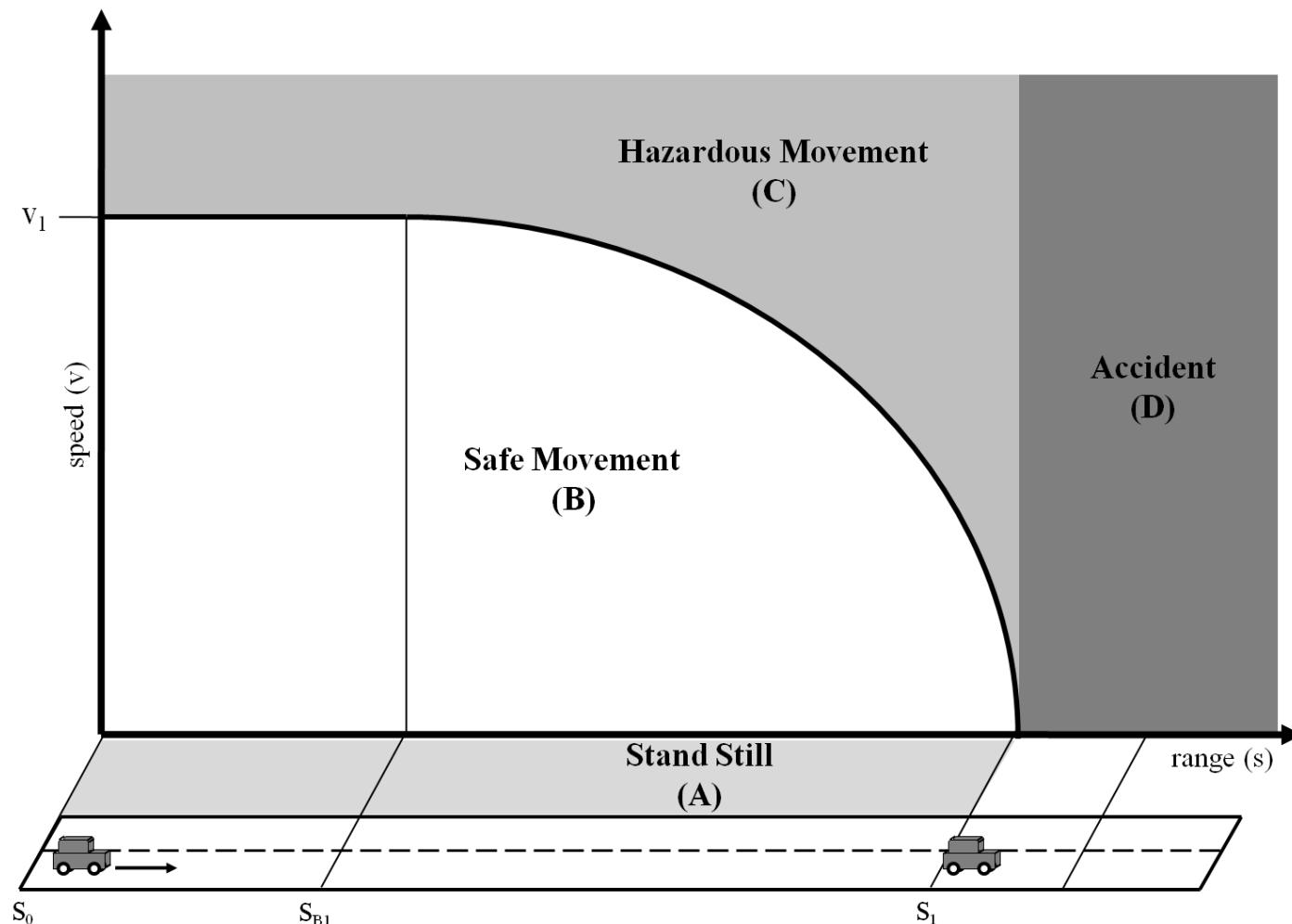
Defining Traffic Safety

Example of Traffic Process and Functions



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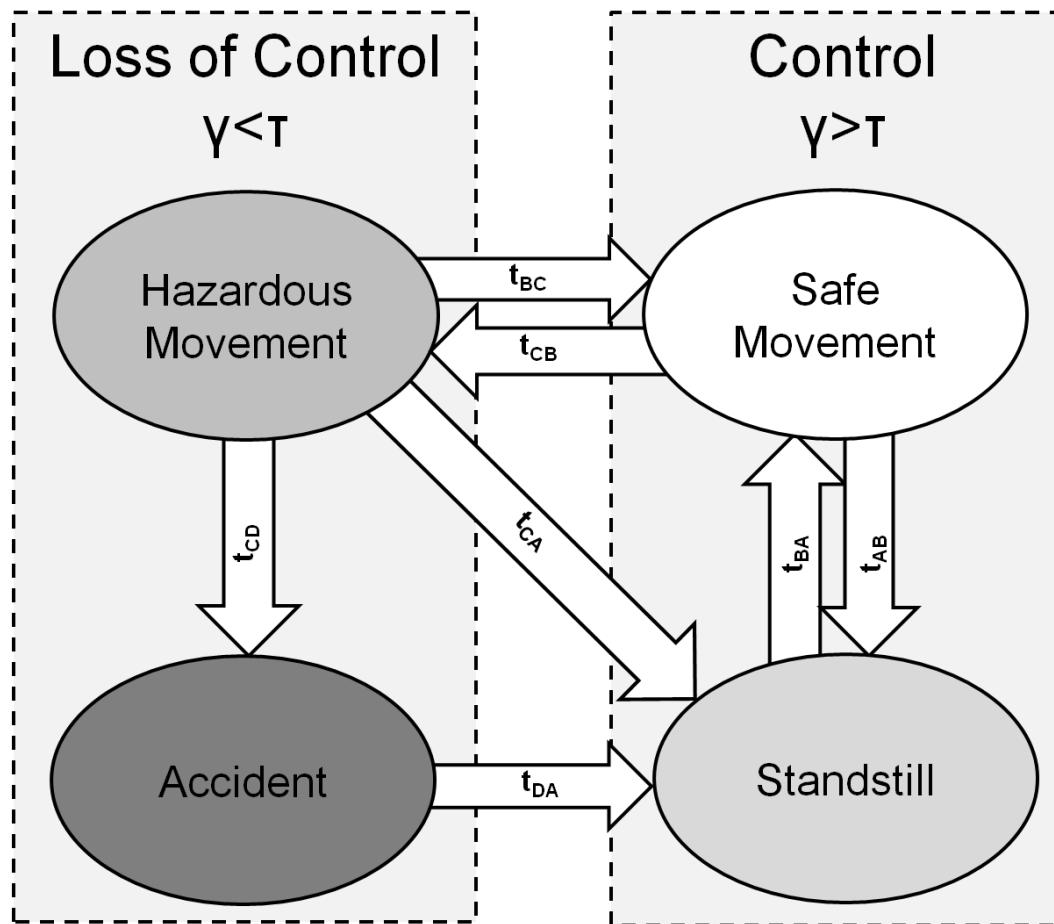
Trajectory of Approaching Cars



[Schnieder 2012]

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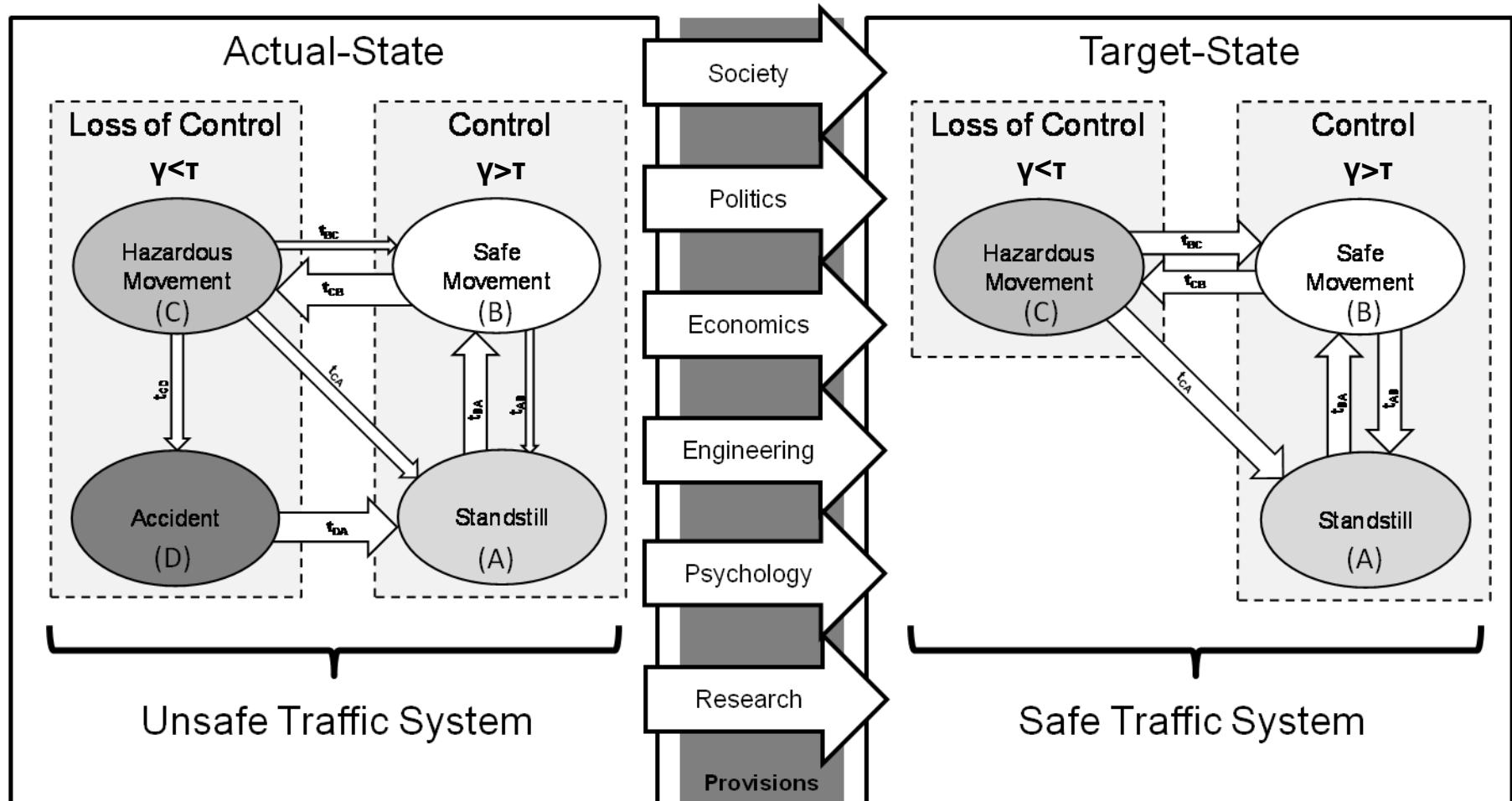
Interdisciplinary Definition of Traffic Safety – Engineering & Psychological Approach



[Schnieder 2012] & [Fuller/Santos 2002]

Defining Traffic Safety

Required Adaptations of Traffic Systems for Safety-Compliance



[Hosse/Schnieder 2012], [Schnieder 2012] & [Leveson 2011]

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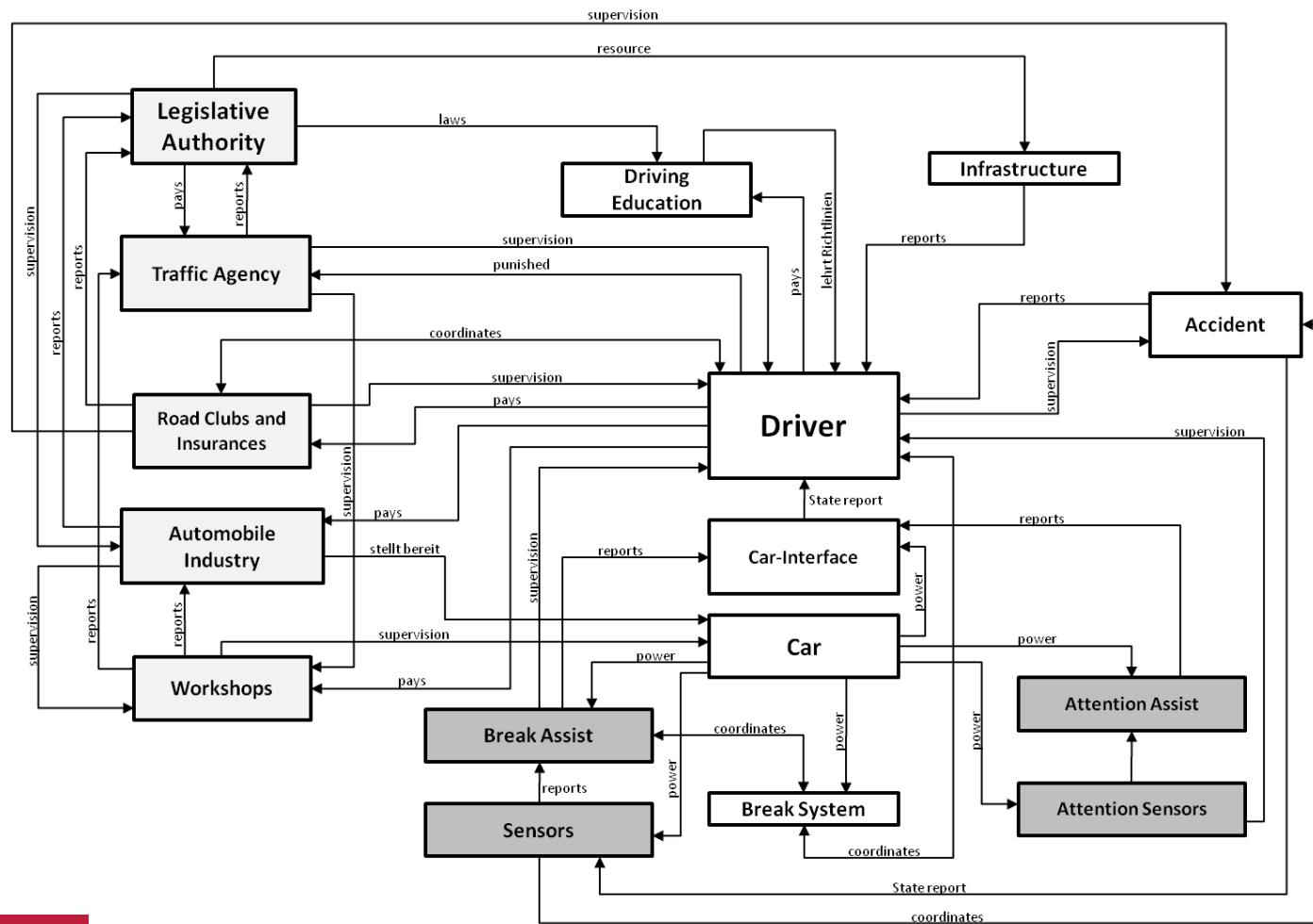
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Analyzing German Vehicle Traffic

1st Analysis: Approaching Maneuver Supported by Driver Assistant Systems

Control Structure:



[Hosse 2011a]

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2nd Analysis: “Complete” German Road Traffic System

Identifiable Control Components:

System Designing Control Components	
1.1	Legislative Authority
1.2	BMVBS
1.3	KBA
1.4	BAST
1.5	Federal States
1.6	Institutions for Engineering Standards
1.7	Engineering Standards
1.8	Insurances
1.9	Professional Insurances
1.10	Society
1.11	Traffic Clubs
1.12	Verification Clubs
1.13	Driving Schools
1.14	Traffic Control Institutions
1.15	Management
1.16	Production
1.17	Research and Development
1.18	Workshops

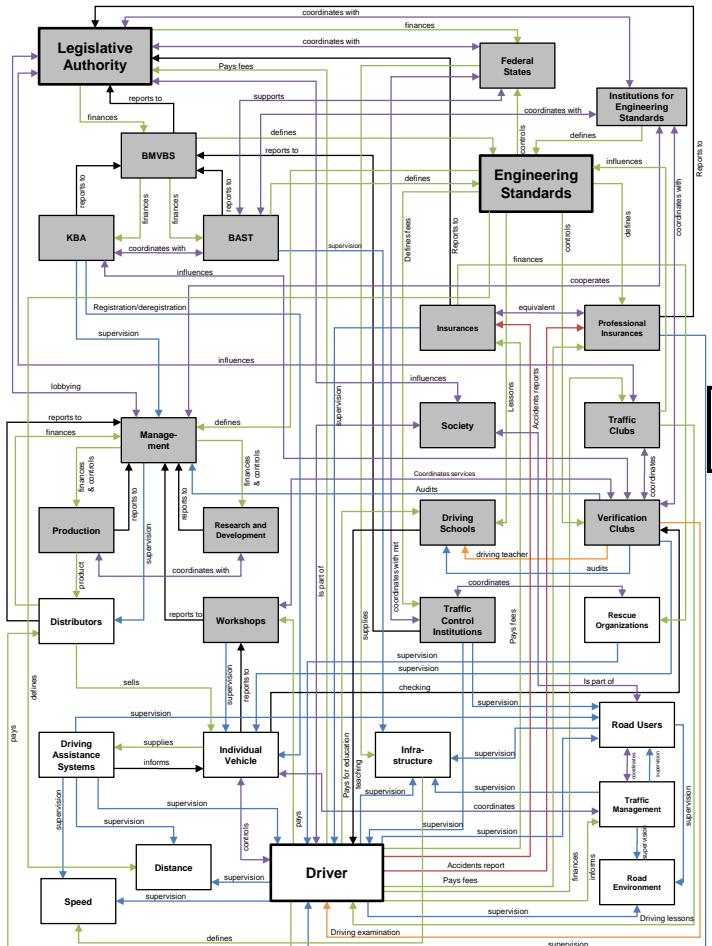
System Operating Control Components	
2.1	Driver
2.2	Vehicle
2.3	Distributors
2.4	Infrastructure
2.5	Road Users
2.6	Road Environment
2.7	Traffic Management
2.8	Rescue Organizations
2.9	Driver Assistant Systems
2.10	Speed
2.11	Distance

[Hosse 2011b]

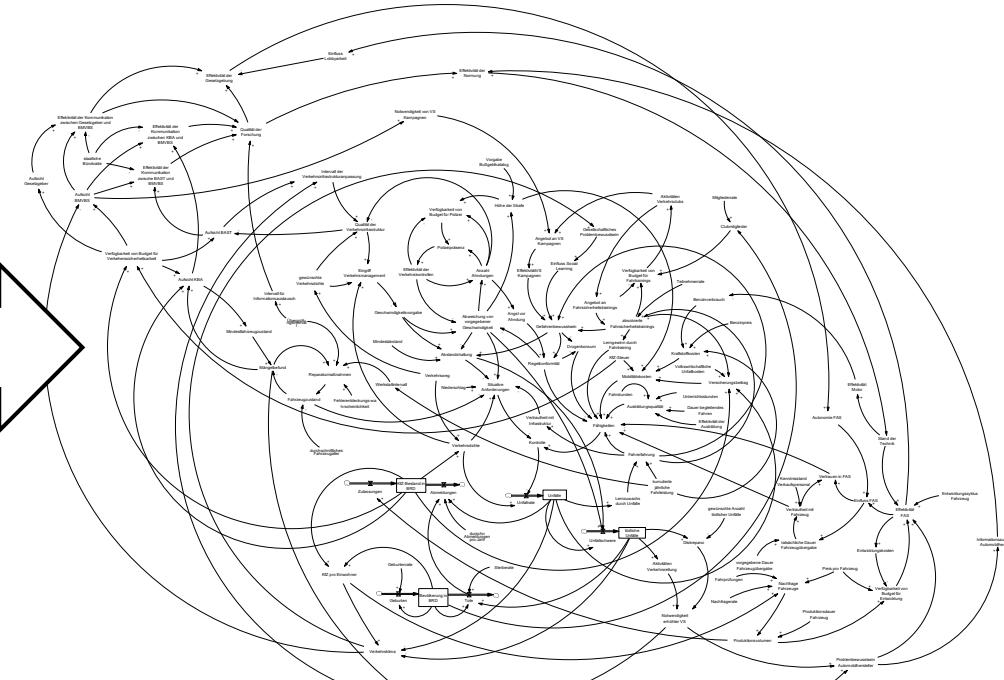
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2nd Analysis: “Complete” German Road Traffic System

Control Structure



System Dynamics Model

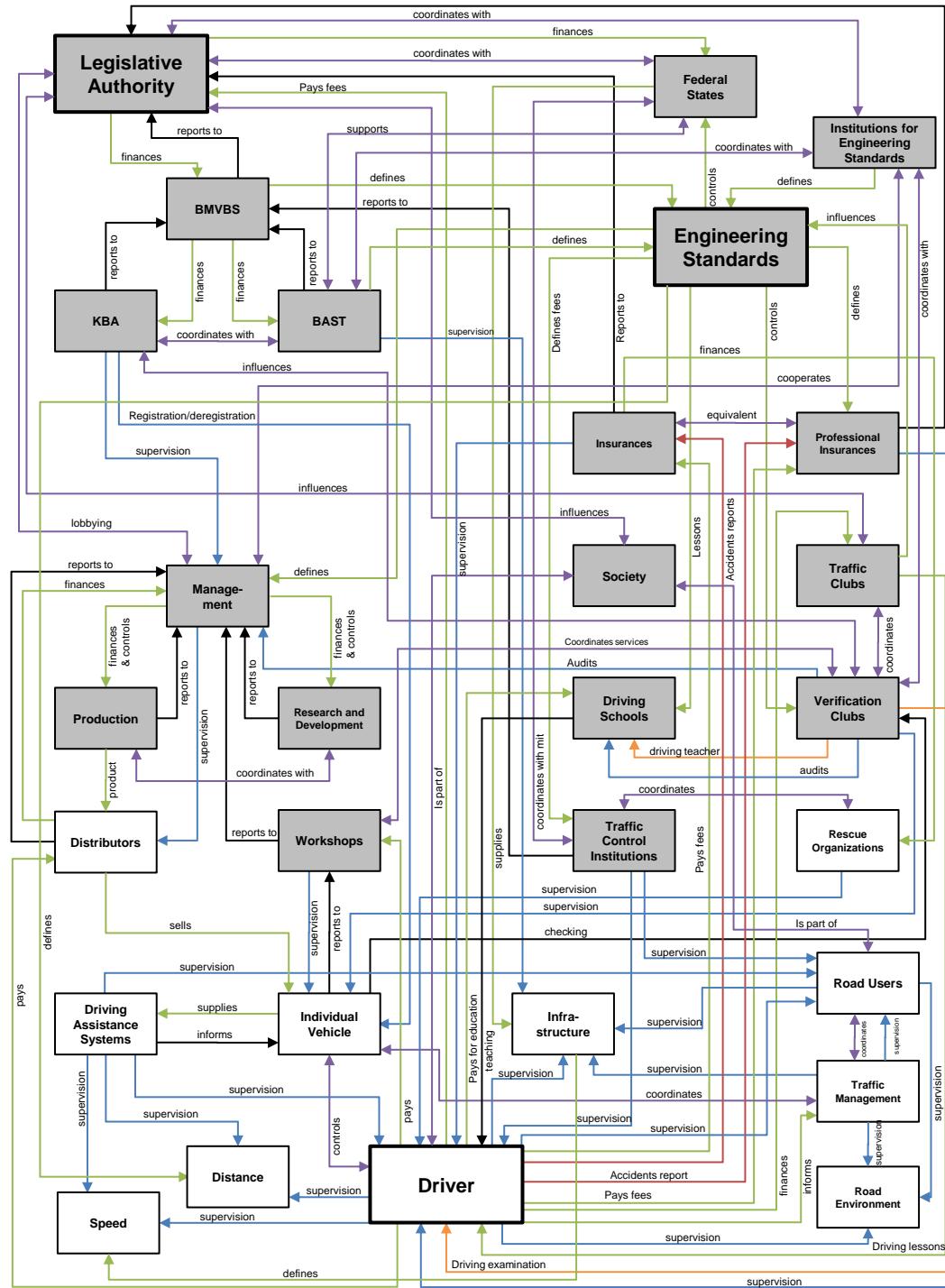


[Hosse 2011b]

Analyzing G

2nd Analysis: “Co

Control Structure



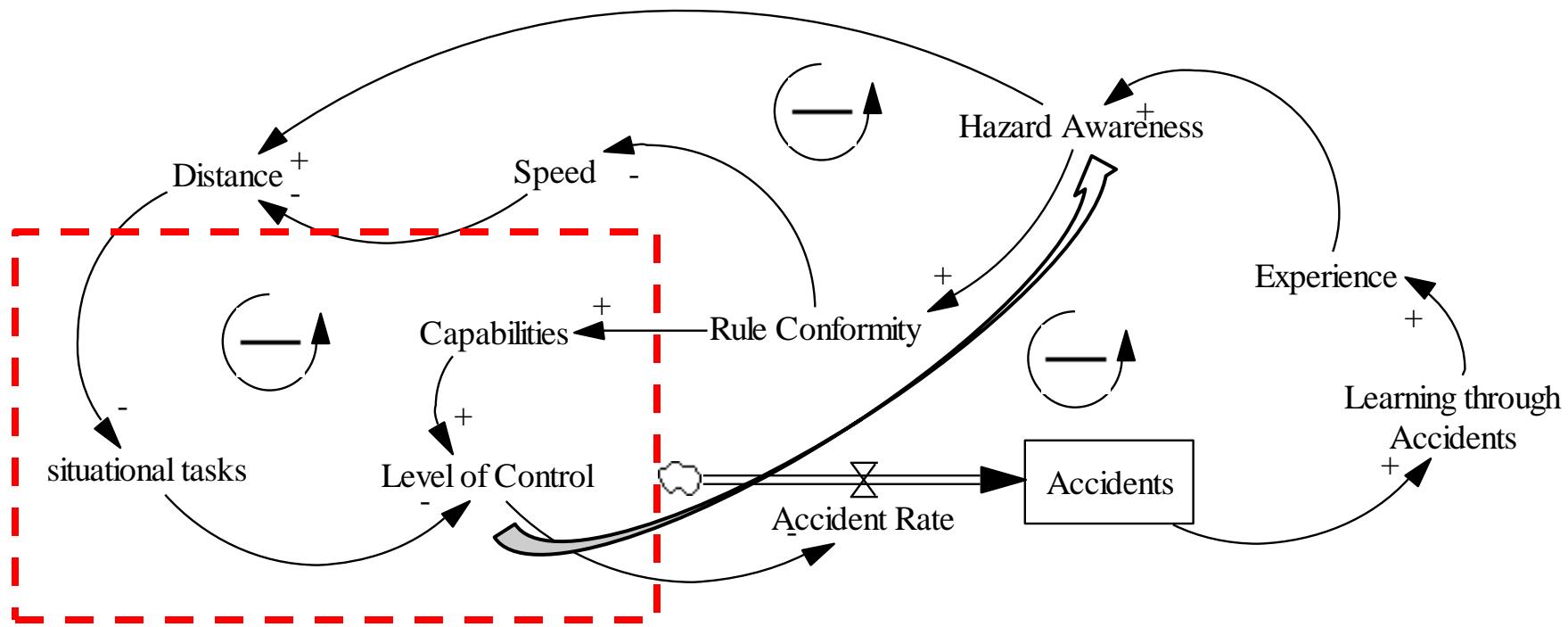
[Hosse 2011b]



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2nd Analysis: “Complete” German Road Traffic System

System Dynamics Analysis - Excerpt



[Hosse 2011b]

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2nd Analysis: “Complete” German Road Traffic System

Required Safety Constraints - Excerpt

1. Continuous Medical Tests of Drivers to Ensure Capabilities
2. Adaptation of Driver Education to Individual Habits
3. Adapting Punishment to Individual Income
4. Designing Driver Assistant Systems in Compliance with Standards/Laws
5. **Implementation of Award-Systems for Safe Driver**
6. **Creating a Direct Feedback of Drivers’ Level of Control**

[Hosse 2011b]

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2nd Analysis: “Complete” German Road Traffic System

Implementation of Award-Systems for Drivers

PAYD-Insurance (pay-as-you-drive)

- Black-box in each car measuring and evaluating the driver's behavior
- **Pros:**
 - Insurance fees adequate to individual driving behavior
 - Good results in Denmark and Germany (novice driver)
- **Cons:**
 - Many data transferred to insurance companies

[Bordoff/Noel 2008]

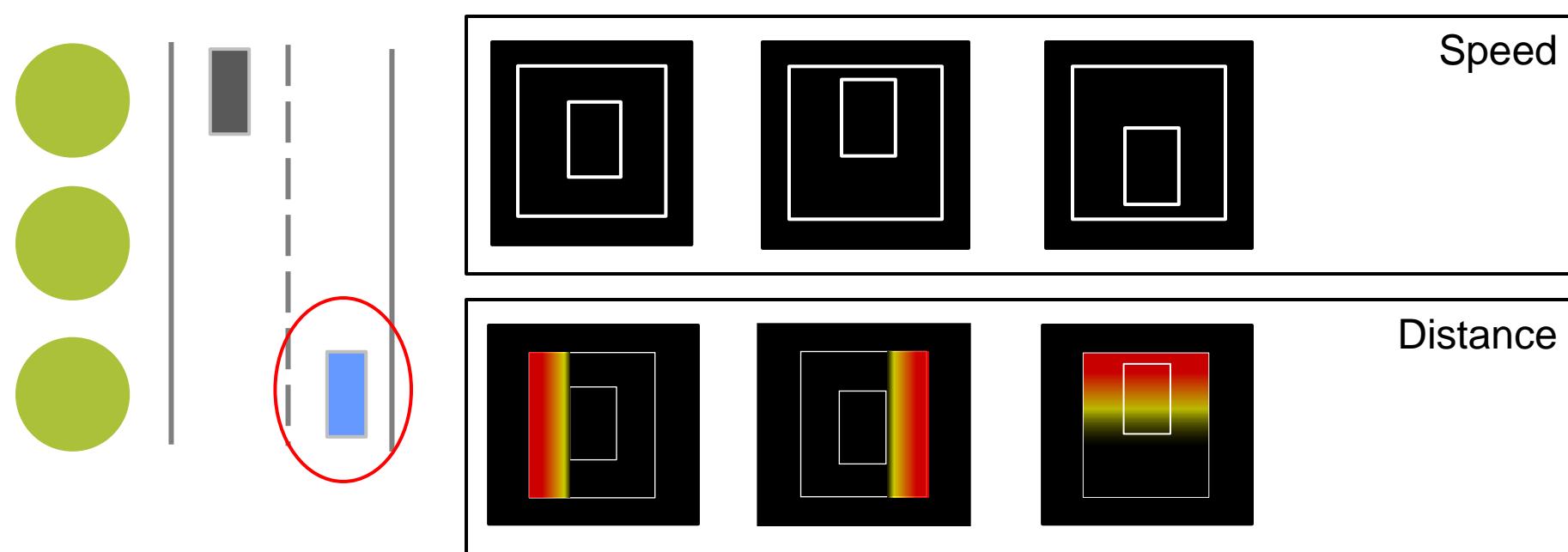
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Creating a direct Feedback of Driver’s Level of Control

VIDE-Display Concept (behavioral-theory based concept)

- **Idea:** Create a Short Latency between Action (Behavior) and Reaction of Driver



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2nd Analysis: “Complete” German Road Traffic System

Creating a direct Feedback of Driver's Level of Control

VIDE-Display Concept (behavioral-theory based concept)

Empirical Findings

- Subjective Data:
 - 69 % of test persons feel safer with the information provided by VIDE
 - 62 % of test persons think VIDE is useful
 - 77 % of test persons feel themselves influenced by VIDE significantly
 - 58 % of test persons believe to drive safely with VIDE
 - **92 % of test persons believe that VIDE enables safe driving**
- Objective Data:
 - Driving behavior is more adequate to guidelines/laws

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Conclusions

- STAMP/STPA can be used for traffic analysis
- Traffic safety can be defined as a state analysis of individuals drivers' behavior
- Primary problem of traffic safety: Lacking feedback of drivers' adequacy to driving behavior
- STAMP/STPA can help identify adequate safety constraints for increasing traffic safety
- PAYD and VIDE show significant impact on increasing traffic safety

Future Research:

Adaptation of STAMP/STPA to hybrid (discrete and continuous) formal models

Contacts



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